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Mr. Chairman,

Mr. Secretary General,

Excellencies,

Ladies and Gentlemen,

Address Before the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe by H.E. Mr. Vuk Jeremić

Minister

The world has changed because of the unilateral, illegal and illegitimate declaration of independence by the Provisional Institutions of Self-Government of our southern province of Kosovo and Metohija from the Republic of Serbia.

Kosovo is not a territory like any other. For the Serbian people, it stands at the crucible of our identity; it is the essential link between our proud national past and our proud European future; it is what ties the living tradition of Serbia to itself today.

The world has indeed changed. And it has not changed for the better. On the contrary. As a result of this hostile act by the authorities in Pristina, the international system has become more unstable, more insecure, and more acrimonious. Because of this flagrant violation of the fundamental norms of international conduct, a grave mockery has been made of the universal principles enshrined in the United Nations Charter and enriched, in the European space, by the Statute of the Council of Europe and the Helsinki Final Act.

Excellencies,

The core principle of legitimate conduct in the global arena, around which revolve all others, is
the sovereign equality of states. Adherence to, and promotion of, this first principle of the
international system, is the highest duty—the binding obligation—of all responsible states, as is
the respect for the territorial integrity of established countries, and the inviolability of
internationally recognized borders. No caveats. No exceptions. No special cases.

Together, these principles form an integral part of the innate operating logic of the international system. They constitute the bedrock of global governance. And they form the basis of the preservation of the legitimacy of international law, of international peace and of international security.

Through their actions, the Kosovo Albanians have triggered a revival of the debate about the legitimacy of internationally recognized borders throughout our region and beyond. And they have rejected the principles of European concord—such as compromise, concession, and consensus-building.

Excellencies,

The rejection by the authorities in Pristina of that which binds us together has established a truly dangerous precedent that fundamentally undermines the statecraft of generations of men and women.

This precedent has at least five components. First, it legitimizes the doctrine of imposing solutions to ethnic conflicts. Second, it legitimizes the act of unilateral secession by a provincial or local entity. Third, it transforms the right to self-determination into a right to independence. Fourth, it legitimizes the forced partition of internationally-recognized, sovereign states. And fifth, it violates the commitment to the peaceful, mutually-acceptable resolution of disputes in Europe.

Imposing this unilateral outcome is an historic injustice, for no democracy has ever before been punished in such a brazen way. It has also, in effect, resurrected the disgraceful Cold War doctrine of limited sovereignty. And it has restored the Machiavellian worldview to prominence in which might triumphs over right.

And in such a world, there is no room for genuine diplomacy. No room for justice. And no room for visionary statesmanship.

Ask yourselves an honest question: are the Kosovo Albanians the only ethnic or religious

Minister

minority with a grievance against the majority? Surely not. And by legitimizing the secessionist aspirations of the authorities in Pristina, you have supplied separatists the world over with a play book on how to achieve their aspirations: First, through violence, followed by threats and intimidation. Then, finally, the appearance of good-faith negotiations that from the onset everyone knew led to nowhere but to UDI.

Excellencies,

In recent days, we have reminded the Security Council of the language of Resolution 1244 that explicitly places a Chapter VII obligation—a binding obligation—on all member-states to respect the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Republic of Serbia, including Kosovo, consistent with the first principle of the United Nations Charter: the sovereign equality of states. That is why we have demanded of the Security Council, the body charged with the primary responsibility to maintain international peace and security, and to continue respecting the sovereignty and territorial integrity of our country.

Furthermore, we have called upon the Secretary-General of the United Nations to instruct his Special Representative to our southern province to make swift and full use of his reserved powers, as enumerated in the Constitutional Framework for Provisional Self-Government in Kosovo, by proclaiming this illegitimate declaration of independence null and void, as have done already our Government and our National Assembly. SRSG Ruecker must also be instructed to dissolve the Kosovo Assembly on the grounds that declaring independence is not in conformity with Resolution 1244.

We have also called on KFOR to remain status-neutral. Only by continuing to abide by the legal framework of its operation, namely paragraph 9 of Resolution 1244, can KFOR retain its capacity to prevent a repeat of the ethnic cleansing against the Serbian population, and the cultural cleansing against our nation's holy sites, that took place in the latter half of 1999 and during the carefully orchestrated pogrom of March 2004.

Moreover, we have welcomed, as a matter of principle, any demonstration of the European Union's deepening commitment to the Western Balkans. And for that reason, we welcome the EU's desire to increase its presence in our southern province. But it is the position of the Republic of Serbia that such a mission must seek a mandate from the Security Council, as a plain reading of paragraphs 5 and 19 of Resolution 1244 makes clear. Only such a mandate can bestow an EU mission with the international legitimacy so crucial to the fulfillment of its tasks—one of which is, ironically, the establishment of the rule of law.

Lastly, we have called on the Permanent Council of the OSCE to preserve the legitimacy of its role in maintaining security in the European space, by condemning the unilateral declaration of independence by the Kosovo Albanians, and by making sure that Kosovo is not granted a seat at the OSCE table.

existence.

Minister